February 21, 2008

CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

1. Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

Dotts Subdivision; TM 5300, AD 06-047, Log No. 02-04-054

Lead agency name and address:
 County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use
 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B,
 San Diego, CA 92123-1666

- 3. a. Contact: Christine Stevenson, Project Manager
 - b. Phone number: (858) 694-3685
 - c. E-mail: Christine.Stevenson@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The project is located at 6565 Dehesa Road within the Crest/Dehesa/Harbison Canyon/Granite Hills Subregional Plan within unincorporated San Diego County.

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1253, Grid F/3

5. Project Applicant name and address:

Stan P. Dotts, 2550 Willow Glen Drive, El Cajon, CA 92019

6. General Plan Designation EDA-Estate Development Area

Community Plan: Crest/Dehesa/Harbison Canyon/Granite Hills

Subregional Plan

Land Use Designation: 17-Estate Residential Density: 1 du/2 or 4 acre(s)

7. Zoning

Use Regulation: A72, General Agriculture

Minimum Lot Size: 1 du/2 acre(s)

Special Area Regulation: None

8. Description of project:

The project is a Tentative Map and Administrative Permit to subdivide a 38-acre parcel into four lots. The project site is located at 6565 Dehesa Road in the Crest/Dehesa/Harbison Canyon/Granite Hills Subregional Plan within unincorporated San Diego County. The site is subject to the General Plan Regional Category 1.3 Estate Development Area, Land Use Designation 1.3 Estate Development Area. Zoning for the site is A72 (General Agricultural) Use. Access would be provided by a private road connecting to Dehesa Road. The project would be served by on-site septic systems and groundwater. For this site, the County Groundwater Ordinance minimum lot size is eight acres, allowing a maximum of four lots on this site. The Administrative Permit allows lot area averaging to create two lots that would be less than eight acres each. The remaining lots will exceed the 8.0-acre minimum. Earthwork will consist of cut of 23,400 cubic yards of material and fill of 20,200 cubic yards of material. The project does not include off-site improvements.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting (Briefly describe the project's surroundings):

Surrounding land uses include rural residential development to the west, and steep undeveloped lands to the east and south. Dehesa Road is located just north of the project site. The site is located approximately 2,700 feet west of the Cleveland National Forest and 1.25 miles northwest of the Loveland Reservoir. Elevation ranges from 930 feet msl at the central western end of the parcel to 1,310 feet msl at the southeast corner of the parcel.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Administrative Permit	County of San Diego
Lot Area Averaging	
Minor Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Tentative Map	County of San Diego
Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Improvement Plans	County of San Diego
Septic Tank Permit	County of San Diego
Water Well Permit	County of San Diego
Annexation into CFD 04-1 (San Diego	Local Agency Formation Commission
Rural Fire Protection District)	(LAFCO)

1603 – Streambed Alteration Agreement

Permit Type/Action

Signature

Printed Name

Christine Stevenson

CA Department of Fish and Game

			(CDEG)	
	National Pollutant Disc	charge Elimination	RWQCB	
	System (NPDES) Peri	mit		
	General Construction Permit	Storm water	RWQCB	
	Fire District Approval		San Dieg District	o Rural Fire Protection
			DISTRICT	
factor one in	RONMENTAL FACTOR s checked below would be a "Potential ation Incorporated," as in	be potentially affecte ly Significant Impact	ed by this particles." or a "Les	project and involve at least ss Than Significant With
	sthetics blogical Resources	☐ Agricultural Resort		☐ <u>Air Quality</u> ☐ <u>Geology & Soils</u>
	zards & Haz. Materials	☐ Hydrology & Wat		☐ Land Use & Planning
	·	Quality		_
	<u>neral Resources</u> <u>blic Services</u>	□ <u>Noise</u> □ <u>Recreation</u>		☐ Population & Housing☑ Transportation/Traffic
	lities & Service	Mandatory Finding	ngs of Sig	
	ERMINATION: (To be co e basis of this initial eval		d Agency)	
	On the basis of this Inition that the proposed project environment, and a NEC	ct COULD NOT have	e a signific	
Ø	that although the propos	sed project could have not be a significant e nade by or agreed to	ve a signif effect in thi by the pro	is case because revisions in oject proponent. A
		ct MAY have a signif	icant effec	anning and Land Use finds on the environment, and

February 21, 2008

Land Use/Environmental Planner

Date

Title

Agency

INSTRUCTIONS ON EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Potential Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level.
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures that were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

Incorporated

No Impact

Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as rural residential and steep undeveloped lands.

The proposed project is a rural residential subdivision. The project is compatible with the existing visual environment's visual character and quality for the following reasons: grading is proposed to construct a private roadway, and development pads and driveways on each lot. The development of four new residences will be in proximity of existing residential development on adjacent lots to the west.

The project will not result in cumulative impacts on visual character or quality because the entire existing viewshed and a list of past, present and future projects within that viewshed were evaluated. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. Those projects listed in Section XVII are located within the viewshed surrounding the project and will not contribute to a cumulative impact for the following reasons: four new rural residential lots on 38 acres is consistent with adjacent land uses. Therefore, the project will not result in any adverse project or cumulative level effect on visual character or quality on-site or in the surrounding area.

d)	Create a new source of substantial light day or nighttime views in the area?	or gla	are, which would adversely affect
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B as identified by the San Diego County Light Pollution Code. However, it will not adversely affect nighttime views or astronomical observations, because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The

standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level.

II. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

	<u> </u>	•	
	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmla Importance (Important Farmland), as sh the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring F Agency, or other agricultural resources,	own o Progra	n the maps prepared pursuant to m of the California Resources
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Mappir agricult last FW Farmla croppe the lack the State of the ground site, the signific or Farm	oject site has land designated as grazing and Monitoring Program (FMMP). Ho tural use on the project site since the year MP mapping date. In order to qualify found of Statewide or Local Importance designations during the four years prick of agricultural use on the site, the designation as a result of the lack the lack of the lack the site does not meet the definition of an ant project or cumulative level conversion and of Statewide or Local Importance of this project.	oweve ar 200 or the I signation to the gnation arge sed or of hist agriculan of F	r, there is no evidence of 00, which is four years prior to the Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, ions, and land must have been ne last FMMP mapping date. Given n of this area as grazing land by scale of the Statewide mapping a aerial photography and limited coric agricultural use at the project altural resource and no potentially Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland,
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultu	ıral us	e, or a Williamson Act contract?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project site is zoned A72 (General Agriculture), which is considered to be an agricultural zone. However, the proposed project will not to result in a conflict in zoning for agricultural use, because single-family residences are a permitted use in A72 zones and will not create a conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use. Additionally, the

Incorporated

	t site's land is not under a Williamson Act t with existing zoning for agricultural use,		
c)	Involve other changes in the existing environmental nature, could result in conversion of Impresources, to non-agricultural use?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact
any ac shown Progra Theref Import	roject site and surrounding area within a retive agricultural operations. Although lart on the maps prepared pursuant to the Fam of the California Resources Agency, the fore, no Prime Farmland, Unique Farmlar tance, or active agricultural operations with the following determinations. Would the	nds de armla he site nd, Fa Il be c ificane on cor	esignated as grazing lands as and Mapping and Monitoring has not been historically grazed. Irmland of Statewide or Local converted to a non-agricultural use. The criteria established by the atrol district may be relied upon to
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions of		•
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
used in emissi Air Qu Resou the RA projec	roject proposes development that was an n development of the RAQS and SIP. Opions of significant quantities of criteria polality Standards or toxic air contaminants arces Board. As such, the proposed project or the SIP. In addition, the project is tions used in the RAQS and SIP, therefore atively considerable impact.	peration of the contract of th	on of the project will not result in s listed in the California Ambient entified by the California Air not expected to conflict with either istent the SANDAG growth
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contril projected air quality violation?	bute s	ubstantially to an existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation		No Impact

No Impact

In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Air Pollution Control District (SDAPCD) has established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. For CEQA purposes, these screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the CEQA Air Quality Handbook for the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB), which has stricter standards for emissions of ROCs/VOCs than San Diego's, is appropriate. However, the eastern portions of the county have atmospheric conditions that are characteristic of the Southeast Desert Air Basin (SEDAB). SEDAB is not classified as an extreme non-attainment area for ozone and therefore has a less restrictive screening-level. Projects located in the eastern portions of the County can use the SEDAB screening-level threshold for VOCs.

The project proposes grading to construct a private road, private driveways and building pads. Work will involve the cut of 23,400 cubic yards of material and fill of 20,200 cubic yards of material. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 48 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation.

Result in a cumulatively considerable new which the project region is non-attainme ambient air quality standard (including requantitative thresholds for ozone precur	ent und eleasi	der an applicable federal or state ng emissions which exceed
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O_3). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM_{10})

under the CAAQS. O_3 is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM₁₀ in both urban and rural areas include: motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

Air quality emissions associated with the project include emissions of PM_{10} , NO_x and VOCs from construction/grading activities, as well as VOCs as the result of increase of traffic from operations at the facility. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be minimal and localized, resulting in PM_{10} and VOC emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3. The vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 48 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). According to the Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines for Assessing the Air Quality Impacts of Projects and Plans, projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the Screening-Level Criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3 for VOCs and PM_{10} .

In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by SDAPCD Rule 20.2 and by the SCAQMD CEQA air quality handbook section 6.2 and 6.3, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project are not expected to create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM₁₀, or any O₃ precursors.

d)	E	Expose sensitive receptors to substantia	ıl pollu	utant concentrations?
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact

Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12th Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality.

Based a site visit conducted by Christine Stevenson on September 4, 2003, sensitive receptors have not been identified within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) of the proposed project. Furthermore, no point-source emissions of air pollutants (other than vehicle emissions) are associated with the project. As such, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants.

e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a s	ubsta	ntial number of people?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
•	ential sources of objectionable odors ha ed project. As such, no impact from odo		
a)	DLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the Have a substantial adverse effect, either on any species identified as a candidate local or regional plans, policies, or regules Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife	r direct, sens	etly or through habitat modifications, sitive, or special status species in , or by the California Department of
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Based on an analysis of the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) records, the County's Comprehensive Matrix of Sensitive Species, site photos, a site visit by Christine Stevenson on September 4, 2003, and a Biological Resources Report (Vincent Scheidt, April 2007), the site supports 14.75 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub, 23.38 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral, 0.46 acres of southern coast live oak riparian forest, and 0.24 acres of urban/developed land. Four sensitive plant species were observed on site: Palmer's ericameria (Ericameria palmeri ssp. palmeri), San Diego sagewort (Artemisia palmeri), Engelmann oak (Quercus engelmannii), and San Diego viguiera (Viguiera laciniata). Palmer's ericameria (Ericameria palmeri ssp. palmeri) is also an MSCP narrow endemic plant species. Four sensitive wildlife species were observed on site: orange-throated whiptail (Cnemidophorus hyperythrus), bobcat (Lynx rufus), mule deer (Odocoileus hemionus) and Bewick's wren (Thryomanes bewickii). Protocol Quino checkerspot butterfly surveys were performed in 2003 with negative results. The site is unlikely to support the Quino checkerspot butterfly due to the density of vegetative cover. The subdivision would directly impact 9.43 acres of Diegan coastal sage scrub and 8.38 acres of granitic southern mixed chaparral through clearing, grading and construction of four additional houses, septic fields, a private road, four driveways, and associated fire-clearing.

The project site is within a Pre-Approved Mitigation Area in the Metro-Lakeside-Jamul segment of the County Subarea Plan and is part of a wildlife linkage. County staff reviewed the past, present, and probable future projects as listed in Section XVII(b) and has determined that the cumulative loss of Diegan coastal sage scrub and granitic southern mixed chaparral may cause a significant impact on candidate, sensitive, or special status species. However, this project's contribution to the cumulative habitat loss will be less than cumulatively considerable because over half of the project site will be conserved in a dedicated open space easement and will continue to provide significant, connected and biologically-viable habitat for candidate, sensitive, or special status species.

To mitigate for loss of habitat on site and to conserve the biological integrity of the existing wildlife linkage, an onsite open space easement will be required as a condition of the permit in accordance with the Biological Mitigation Ordinance. In addition, the project will purchase 8.83 acres of offsite habitat to meet the balance of its mitigation requirements. Prior to any habitat impacts, 20.78 acres of the site will be placed within dedicated Biological Open Space, delineated with permanent fencing and signage. A Limited Building Zone Easement is required over land within 100 feet of the open space. This Limited Building Zone Easement will prevent indirect impacts to the conserved habitat from future fire-clearing caused by construction of homes adjacent to the open space. To prevent impacts to nesting birds, no brushing, clearing, and/or grading will be allowed within 300 feet of habitat during the avian breeding season.

Therefore, staff has determined that although the site supports native biological habitat, implementation of the mitigation measures described above will ensure that the project will not result in substantial adverse effects, or have a cumulatively considerable impact to species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

D)	natural community identified in local or rethe California Department of Fish and G	egion	al plans, policies, regulations or by
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The site contains southern coast live oak riparian forest, which will be conserved in a dedicated Biological Open Space Easement. The site also contains Diegan coastal sage scrub and granitic southern mixed chaparral which are considered sensitive natural communities within the Multiple Species Conservation Program (MSCP). As detailed in response a) above, direct, indirect and cumulative impacts to sensitive natural communities identified in the County of San Diego Resource Protection Ordinance, MSCP, Fish and Game Code, and Endangered Species Act are considered

less than significant through the implementation of on-site habitat preservation, a Limited Building Zone Easement, and offsite habitat purchase.

·	Have a substantial adverse effect on fed Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (inclean) pool, coastal, etc.) through direct remove other means?	luding	, but not limited to, marsh, vernal
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Water interrunatura project federa comple wetlan	oposed project site contains wetlands as Act that could potentially be impacted the ption, diversion or obstruction by the properties of drainage vegetated with southern coast will not impact, discharge into, directly religiously protected wetlands supported on the peter avoidance. Also, the development is discharge indirect impacts, to wetlands or waters of the U.S. that are evers.	rough posed t live of emove projec setba Ther	direct removal, filling, hydrological development. The site contains a pak riparian forest. However, the e, fill, or hydrologically interrupt any t site. The project proposes ack over 100 feet to protect the efore, no significant impacts will
·	Interfere substantially with the movemer or wildlife species or with established na corridors, or impede the use of native with the movement of the stablished native with the stablished nati	tive re	esident or migratory wildlife
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
\checkmark	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The site is located at the western edge of a wildlife linkage. The site supports large mammal use, and southern mule deer and bobcat tracks and scat were observed (Vince Scheidt, April 2007). In the project area, the linkage will remain greater than 3,000 feet wide after project development. Site development will not significantly narrow the linkage width through this area. The proposed additional residential development will occur toward the western side of the land, leaving the eastern border and southeast corner undeveloped. The preserved habitat will continue to provide hiding places and movement opportunities for large mammals and birds. A dedicated Limited Building Zone Easement, permanent fencing, and permanent signs are required to reduce edge effects into the linkage. The remainder of the project's mitigation as required by the Biological Mitigation Ordinance will be met through off-site habitat purchase.

The site contains vegetation communities that could provide nursery sites for native wildlife. To prevent impacts to nesting birds, no brushing, clearing, and/or grading will be allowed within 300 feet of southern mixed chaparral and/or coastal sage scrub habitat during the avian breeding season. With the onsite habitat preservation, offsite habitat preservation, and breeding season restriction required for mitigation of direct project impacts, this project's contribution to any cumulative impact will be rendered less than cumulatively considerable and will contribute to the preservation of large, biologically viable areas that provide wildlife corridors and native wildlife nursery sites.

e)	Conflict with the provisions of any adopt Communities Conservation Plan, other conservation plan or any other local policesources?	approv	ved local, regional or state habitat
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
✓	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
consi Cons includ or any Multip	to the attached Ordinance Compliance C stency with any adopted Habitat Conserv ervation Plan, other approved local, regio ding, Habitat Management Plans (HMP) S y other local policies or ordinances that pole ole Species Conservation Program (MSC) urce Protection Ordinance (RPO), Habita	ation I nal or pecia rotect P), Bio	Plan, Natural Communities state habitat conservation plan, Area Management Plans (SAMP) biological resources including the blogical Mitigation Ordinance,
V. C (ULTURAL RESOURCES Would the process of Cause a substantial adverse change in as defined in 15064.5?		gnificance of a historical resource
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County of San Diego approved archaeologists, Dr. Michael Baksh and Patrick McGinnis on February 11, 2003, it has been determined that there are one or more historical resources within the project site. These resources include two historic pits (one of which appears to be a cistern) approximately 10 meters apart on a ridgeline in the middle of the property (site number P-37-024864). The cistern and pit may be related to quail hunting activities. A cultural resources report titled "Cultural Resources Survey Report for the Dotts Property, San Diego County, California" prepared by Patrick McGinnis and Michael Baksh of Tierra Environmental Services dated February 2004 evaluated the significance of the resources based on a review of previous work in the area, and historical records including maps. Based on the results of this study, it has been determined that the

historic resource(s) are not significant pursuant to the State of California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, Section 15064.5. Moreover, if the resources are not considered significant historic resources pursuant to CEQA Section 15064.5 loss of these resources cannot contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact.

	•		
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in resource pursuant to 15064.5?	the sig	nificance of an archaeological
	1	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Baksh there isolate archa Prope Baksh of the pursu Section archa canno of arc veget	project site has been surveyed by County in and Patrick McGinnis on February 11, 2 is one archaeological resource present. It is one archaeological resource present. It is one archaeological study titled "Cultural Ferty, San Diego County, California" prepare of Tierra Environmental Services dated archaeological resource and determined and to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted and to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted and to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted to the State of California Environmental Services are accounted to the State of California Environmental Services dated archaeological resources pursuant to CEQA Services within one mile of this peraction in some made surveying difficult, graties will be required to ensure that no substitute with the State of California Environmental Services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological sites within one mile of this peractical services archaeological	2003, a This reate nur Resour Febru I that the the the the the the the the the th	and it has been determined that esource includes one prehistoric mber P-37-024863). An oces Survey Report for the Dotts Patrick McGinnis and Michael ary 2004 evaluated the significance he isolated artifact is not significant ality Act (CEQA) Guidelines, considered significant 15064.5, loss of these resources we impact. Because of the number (13) and the fact that dense monitoring of all ground-disturbing
	ct area.	Suriac	e deposits are located within the
projed The N Ameri was re	•	AHC) e impa	was contacted for a listing of Native acted by the project. A list of tribes
project The N Ameri was re were	ct area. Native American Heritage Commission (Native American Heritage Commission (Native American Tribes whose ancestral lands may be eceived from the NAHC on June 19, 2007	AHC) e impa 7 and l	was contacted for a listing of Native acted by the project. A list of tribes letters requesting tribal consultation
projed The N Ameri was re	Native American Heritage Commission (Native American Heritage Commission (Natican Tribes whose ancestral lands may be eceived from the NAHC on June 19, 2007 sent out June 20, 2007. Directly or indirectly destroy a unique pageologic feature?	AHC) e impa 7 and l	was contacted for a listing of Native acted by the project. A list of tribes letters requesting tribal consultation

Unique Paleontological Resources - A review of the paleontological maps provided by the San Diego Museum of Natural History indicates that the project is located entirely on plutonic igneous rock and has no potential for producing fossil remains. d)

Unique Geologic Features – The site does not contain any unique geologic features that have been catalogued within the Conservation Element (Part X) of the County's General Plan (see Appendix G for a listing of unique geological features) or support any known geologic characteristics that have the potential to support unique geologic features. Additionally, based on a site visit by staff, no known unique geologic features were identified on the property or in the immediate vicinity.

Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal

,	cemeteries?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Based on an analysis of records and a survey of the property by County approved archaeologists Dr. Michael Baksh and Patrick McGinnis on February 11, 2003, it has been determined that the project will not disturb any human remains because the project site does not include a formal cemetery or is not likely to include any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains. Results of the survey are documented in "Cultural Resources Survey Report for the Dotts Property, San Diego County, California" prepared by Patrick McGinnis and Michael Baksh of Tierra Environmental Services dated February 2004.			
a)	EOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project Expose people or structures to potential risk of loss, injury, or death involving:		antial adverse effects, including the
	 Rupture of a known earthquake fault Z Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Z for the area or based on other su Refer to Division of Mines and Ge 	oning bstant	Map issued by the State Geologist ial evidence of a known fault?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The pro	oject is not located in a fault rupture haz	ard zo	ne identified by the Alquist-Priolo

Hazards Zones in California, or located within any other area with substantial evidence of a known fault. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known hazard zone as a result of this project.

Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Special Publication 42, Revised 1997, Fault-Rupture

ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?

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Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mi Incorporated	tigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The Uniform Building Code (UBC) and the California Building Code (CBC) classifies all San Diego County with the highest seismic zone criteria, Zone 4. However, the project is not located within 5 kilometers of the centerline of a known active-fault zone as defined within the Uniform Building Code's Maps of Known Active Fault Near-Source Zones in California. In addition, the project will have to conform to the Seismic Requirements Chapter 16 Section 162- <i>Earthquake Design</i> as outlined within the California Building Code. Section 162 requires a soils compaction report with proposed foundation recommendations to be approved by a County Structural Engineer before the issuance of a building or grading permit. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to potential adverse effects from strong seismic ground shaking as a result of this project.			
iii. Seismic-related ground f	ailure, ind	cludin	g liquefaction?
Potentially Significant ImpactLess Than Significant With MiIncorporated	tigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The geology of the project site is identified as cretaceous plutonic fractured crystalline rock. This geologic environment is not susceptible to ground failure from seismic activity. In addition, the site is not underlain by poor artificial fill or located within a floodplain. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people to adverse effects from a known area susceptible to ground failure.			
iv. Landslides?			
☐ Potentially Significant Impact			Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mi Incorporated	tigation	\checkmark	No Impact
The site is not located within a landslic	le suscep	otibility	zone.
b) Result in substantial soil erosion	n or the l	oss of	topsoil?
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mi Incorporated	tigation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as Visalia sandy loam, 9-15% slopes (VaD); Vista coarse sandy loam, 9-15% slopes (VsD); Vista coarse sandy loam, 15-30% slopes (VsE); and, Vista coarse sandy loam, 30-65% slopes (VsG) that have a soil erodibility rating of "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils; will not alter existing drainage patterns; is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Stormwater Management Plan (James Green, May 5, 2007). The plan includes Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site. Construction BMPs include: silt fence, fiber rolls, street sweeping and vacuuming, storm drain inlet protection, stockpile management, solid waste management, stabilized construction entrance/exit, desilting basin, gravel bag berm, material delivery and storage, spill prevention and control, concrete waste management, water conservation practices, paving and grinding operations, and minor slope protection with plastic, tarp, and vegetative cover. Site Design BMPs include reduction of impervious area, conservation of natural areas, landscaping, shaping slopes to reduce concentrated flow, and collecting concentrated flows in stabilized drains and channels. Source control BMPs include stenciling of storm drain inlets and catch basins, use of efficient irrigation systems and landscape design, curb/swale systems and swale inlets, and driveway drains into landscaping.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

TM 530	00, AD 06-047, Log No. 02-04-054		, ,
į	Will the project produce unstable geolog impacts resulting from landslides, lateral collapse?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
potentia Christin noted t	oject is not located on or near geological ally become unstable as a result of the p ne Stevenson on September 4, 2003, no hat would produce unstable geological c information refer to VI Geology and Soils	roject geolo onditio	On a site visit conducted by gical formations or features were ons as a result of the project. For
	Be located on expansive soil, as defined Code (1994), creating substantial risks to		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Building Vista co (VsE); swell b the pro staff re	oject does not contain expansive soils as g Code (1994). The soils on-site are Vis oarse sandy loam, 9-15% slopes (VsD); and, Vista coarse sandy loam, 30-65% sehavior of low and represent no substantiect will not create a substantial risk to lift view of the Soil Survey for the San Diegoculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Se	alia sa Vista slopes tial ris e or p o Area	andy loam, 9-15% slopes (VaD); coarse sandy loam, 15-30% slopes (VsG). These soils have a shrink-ks to life or property. Therefore, roperty. This was confirmed by a, prepared by the US Department
,	Have soils incapable of adequately supp alternative wastewater disposal systems disposal of wastewater?	_	<u>.</u>
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	✓	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Th		-1- 1-	

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The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as septic systems. The project involves four standard subsurface systems, one located on each new lot. Discharged wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authorize a local public agency to issue permits for OSWS "to ensure that systems are adequately designed, located, sized, spaced, constructed

and maintained." The RWQCBs with jurisdiction over San Diego County have authorized the County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue certain OSWS permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for the project pursuant to DEH, Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-site Wastewater Systems: Permitting Process and Design Criteria." DEH approved the project's OSWS on July 5, 2007. Therefore, the project has soils capable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems as determined by the authorized, local public agency. In addition, the project will comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances, Title 6, Div. 8, Chap. 3, Septic Tanks and Seepage Pits.

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<u>vii. н.</u> а)	AZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIA Create a significant hazard to the public transport, storage, use, or disposal of ha	or the	e environment through the routine
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporation	\checkmark	No Impact
it does Substa	roject will not create a significant hazard to not propose the storage, use, transport, ances, nor are Hazardous Substances pratiate vicinity.	emis	sion, or disposal of Hazardous
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public foreseeable upset and accident condition materials into the environment?		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
compo	roject will not contain, handle, or store an ounds that would present a significant risk dous substances.	•	
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle haz substances, or waste within one-quarter		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact

The project is not located within one-quarter mile of and existing or proposed school. Therefore, the project will not have any effect on an existing or proposed school.

Incorporated

No Impact

The following sections summarize the project's consistency with applicable emergency response plans or emergency evacuation plans.

i. OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PLAN:

Less Than Significant Impact: The Operational Area Emergency Plan is a framework document that provides direction to local jurisdictions to develop specific operational area of San Diego County. It provides guidance for emergency planning and requires subsequent plans to be established by each jurisdiction that has responsibilities in a disaster situation. The project will not interfere with this plan because it will not prohibit subsequent plans from being established.

ii. SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan will not be interfered with by the project due to the location of the project, plant and the specific requirements of the plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

No Impact: The Oil Spill Contingency Element will not be interfered with because the project is not located along the coastal zone or coastline.

iv. EMERGENCY WATER CONTINGENCIES ANNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE RESPONSE PLAN

No Impact: The Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan will not be interfered with because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct.

v. DAM EVACUATION PLAN

No Impact: The Dam Evacuation Plan will not be interfered with because the project is located outside a dam inundation zone.

h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated) □	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
fires. Hoss, injregulatiin the Cand Applem Tentativand corprotection 100-foo on both expected Travel The protection the requirer compliant with the projinvolvin cumular surroun i) F	posed project is adjacent to wildlands lowever, the project will not expose popury or death involving wildland fires be cons relating to emergency access, was consolidated Fire Code for the 17 Fire pendix II-A, as adopted and amended entation of these fire safety standards we Parcel Map, or building permit productions dated May 11, 2007, have be ion District. The conditions from the East hazard reduction zone around all strain sides of any road or driveway. The Fed emergency travel time to the project has developed a Fire Protection wired 100-foot defensible space and vection requirements, access road requirements. Therefore, based on the review each with the Consolidated Fire Code as San Diego Rural Fire Protection District will expose people or structures to ge hazardous wildland fires. Moreover tively considerable impact, because and inding area must comply with the Consolidated Propose a use, or place residents adjacents.	eople or ecause ter sup Protect by the will occurs. A en rece district in uctures fire Ser to site to Public Folan (Segetation and Aprict's continuity of the protect of a sign of the protect of the pro	r structures to a significant risk of the project will comply with the ply, and defensible space specified tion Districts in San Diego County local fire protection district. Cur during the Tentative Map, lso, a Fire Service Availability Letter ived from the San Diego Rural Fire include: construction of roads, a s, and a 10-foot fuel reduction zone vice Availability Letter indicates the be 5+ minutes. The Maximum facilities Element is 20 minutes. Itan Dotts, May 3, 2007) that details on zones, ignition resistant building s, water supply and fire flow a project by County staff, through pendix II-A and through compliance anditions, it is not anticipated that if if it is not contribute to a present and future projects in the differ Code and Appendix II-A. an existing or reasonably
€	oreseeable use that would substantia exposure to vectors, including mosqui transmitting significant public health di	oes, ra	ts or flies, which are capable of
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

The project does not involve or support uses that allow water to stand for a period of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificial lakes, agricultural irrigation ponds). Also, the project does not involve or support uses that will produce or collect animal waste, such as equestrian facilities, agricultural operations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), solid waste facility or other similar uses. Moreover, based on a site visit conducted by Christine Stevenson on September 4, 2003, there are none of these uses on adjacent properties.

No Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Incorporated

Therefore, the project will not substantially increase current or future resident's exposure to vectors, including mosquitoes, rats or flies.

слрози	no to vociors, morading mosquitoes, rate	01 1110	,,,
	YDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Violate any waste discharge requiremen		d the project:
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The project proposes construction of four new residences, a private road, and four driveways which requires compliance with the San Diego County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424). The project applicant has provided a copy of a Stormwater Management Plan (James Green, May 5, 2007) which demonstrates that the project will comply with all requirements of the WPO. The project site proposes and will be required to implement site design measures, source control BMPs and treatment control BMPs to reduce potential pollutants to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff. These measures as detailed in response VI.b. above will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP). Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from State			
	ion to address human health and water contribute to a cumulatively considerabines.		
ĺ	Is the project tributary to an already impa Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, cou pollutant for which the water body is alre	ıld the	project result in an increase in any
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project lies in the Los Monos Hydrologic Subarea within the Sweetwater hydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, although portions of the San Diego Bay are impaired for coliform bacteria, no portion of the Sweetwater

River, which is tributary to the Bay, is impaired. Constituents of concern in the Sweetwater River watershed include coliform bacteria and trace metals.

The project proposes the following activities that are associated with these pollutants: construction of four residential dwellings, installation and irrigation of landscaping, and waste from domestic animals. However, site design measures source control BMPs, and treatment control BMPs as detailed in response VI.(b) will be employed such that potential pollutants will be reduced in any runoff to the maximum extent practicable so as not to increase the level of these pollutants in receiving waters.

The proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result the project will not contribute to a cumulative impact to an already impaired water body, as listed on the Clean Water Act Section 303(d). Regional surface water and storm water permitting regulation for County of San Diego, Incorporated Cities of San Diego County, and San Diego Unified Port District includes the following: Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). The stated purposes of these ordinances are to protect the health, safety and general welfare of the County of San Diego residents; to protect water resources and to improve water quality; to cause the use of management practices by the County and its citizens that will reduce the adverse effects of polluted runoff discharges on waters of the state; to secure benefits from the use of storm water as a resource; and to ensure the County is compliant with applicable state and federal laws. Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) has discharge prohibitions, and requirements that vary depending on type of land use activity and location in the County. Ordinance No. 9426 is Appendix A of Ordinance No. 9424 (WPO) and sets out in more detail, by project category, what Dischargers must do to comply with the Ordinance and to receive permits for projects and activities that are subject to the Ordinance. Collectively, these regulations establish standards for projects to follow which intend to improve water quality from headwaters to the deltas of each watershed in the County. Each project subject to WPO is required to prepare a Storm water Management Plan that details a project's pollutant discharge contribution to a given watershed and propose BMPs or design measures to mitigate any impacts that may occur in the watershed.

c)	Could the proposed project cause or co- surface or groundwater receiving water beneficial uses?		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	1 otoritiany Organicant impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the Los Monos Hydrologic Subarea within the Sweetwater hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply, industrial service supply; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; preservation of biological habitats of special significance; and rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: construction activities, vehicle parking areas, residential landscaping, and domestic animal keeping. However, site design measures, source control BMPs, and treatment control BMPs as detailed in response VI.b. above will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to the maximum extent practicable, such that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

groundwater recharge such that there was lowering of the local groundwater table existing nearby wells would drop to a lever table.	ould be leve vel wh	be a net deficit in aquifer volume or I (e.g., the production rate of pre- nich would not support existing land
Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
	groundwater recharge such that there was lowering of the local groundwater table existing nearby wells would drop to a levuses or planned uses for which permits Potentially Significant Impact	,

The project will obtain water from on-site groundwater wells. In accordance with Residential Well Tests conducted by Earth Tech (January 2004 and August 2006), adequate groundwater resources are available to serve the future homes without interfering substantially with the production rate of nearby wells. The acreage of each proposed lot is of sufficient size to ensure a sustainable long-term groundwater supply. Therefore, the project will have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project.

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e)	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of a result in substantial erosion or siltation of the course of the co	strear	n or river, in a manner which would
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
Manage & Survand/or erosio These require Redev 2001-(Manage (SUSM BMPs erosio downs Plan is project will no becaus project	roject proposes Residential Subdivision. gement Plan (SWMP) received May 8, 20 reying Inc., the project will implement site treatment control BMPs to reduce potent or siltation, to the maximum extent practice measures will control erosion and sediments as required by the Land-Use Plant relopment Component of the San Diego May 1, as implemented by the San Diego May 201, as implemented by the San Diego Ma	oo7 and edesignation of the important of Pular o	In grepared by Walsh Engineering on measures, source control, sollutants, including sediment from the from entering storm water runoff: on and satisfy waste discharge for New Development and pal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. Jurisdictional Urban Runoff on Storm Water Mitigation Plan enplementation process for all the terials management, prevent the entation in any onsite and sublic Works will ensure that the fors, it has been found that the enterior or off-site. In addition, if within the boundaries of the lay considerable impact. For further soils, Question b.
	on- or off-site?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation	<u> </u>	Less than Significant Impact
	Incorporated		No Impact
The		4-6	lish and alumina are matterness and

The proposed project will not significantly alter established drainage patterns or significantly increase the amount of runoff for the following reasons, based on a Drainage Study, and Addendums No. 1 and No.2 prepared by Walsh Engineering & Surveying Inc., received December 18, 2003, August 9, 2006 and May 8, 2007, respectively:

Drainage will be designed to flow to either natural drainage channels or approved drainage facilities.

Therefore, the project will not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site. Moreover, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable alteration or a drainage pattern or increase in the rate or amount of runoff, because the project will not substantially increase water surface elevation or runoff exiting the site, as detailed above.

· ·	Create or contribute runoff water which volumed storm water drainage systems?	would	exceed the capacity of existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
capaci Study a Inc., re	oject does not propose to create or contrity of existing or planned storm water drawand Addendums No. 1 and No.2, prepare ceived December 18, 2003, August 9, 20 can be adequately transported on-site arounder Dehesa Road and the proposed by	inage ed by ' 006 ar nd off-	systems. Based on the Drainage Walsh Engineering & Surveying and May 8, 2007, the storm water site by an existing 36 inches CMP
h)	Provide substantial additional sources of	f pollu	ted runoff?
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
drivewa measu that po	oject proposes the following potential so ays, construction activities, and residenti res, source control BMPs, and treatment tential pollutants will be reduced in runof o VIII Hydrology and Water Quality Ques	al land t contr ff to th	dscaping. However, site design of BMPs will be employed such e maximum extent practicable.
•	Place housing within a 100-year flood ha Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Ra map, including County Floodplain Maps?	ate Ma	• •
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

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Drainage swales, which are mapped on a FEMA floodplain map, a County Floodplain Map or have a watershed greater than 25 acres were identified on the project site and off-site improvement locations. However, the project is not proposing to place structures with a potential for human occupation within these areas and will not place access roads or other improvements which will limit access during flood events or affect downstream properties into these areas.

,	Place within a 100-year flood hazard are redirect flood flows?	ea stru	ctures which would impede or	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
The project site contains drainage swales, which are identified as being 100-year flood hazard areas. However, the project is not proposing to place structures, access roads or other improvements which will impede or redirect flood flows in these areas.				
•	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area including a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a minor dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding.				
) Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
No Impact: The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir;				

therefore, could not be inundated by a seiche.

ii. TSUNAMI

No Impact: The project site is located more than a mile from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami, would not be inundated.

iii. MUDFLOW

No Impact: Mudflow is type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the project:			
a) Physically divide an established community?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The project does not propose the introducing new infrastructure such major roadways or water supply systems, or utilities to the area. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly disrupt or divide the established community.			
į I	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\Box	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The proposed project is subject to the Regional Land Use Element Policies 1.3 (Estate Development Area) and 1.6 (Environmentally Constrained Area) and General Plan Land Use Designations (17) Estate Residential and (24) Impact Sensitive. For (17) Estate Residential, the General Plan requires a minimum gross parcel size of two acres if the average slope does not exceed 25% and four acres if the average slope exceeds 25%, and not more than 0.5 and 0.25 dwelling unit per acre, respectively. The proposed project has four lots ranging in gross lot sizes from 5.40 to 19.34 acres and a density of 0.105 dwelling unit per gross acre, which is consistent with the General Plan. The project is subject to the policies of the Crest/Dehesa/Harbison Canyon/Granite Hills Subregional Plan. The proposed project is consistent with the policies of the Crest/Dehesa/Harbison Canyon/Granite Hills Subregional Plan in that it proposes single family residential development which is self-contained and self-sufficient. The current zone is A72 Use Regulation, which requires a net minimum lot size of 2 acres in most of the site, and 4 acres in the northeast corner. The proposed project is consistent with the Zoning Ordinance requirements for minimum lot size because no lot is smaller than 4 acres net.

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X. Mi a)	NERAL RESOURCES Would the project Result in the loss of availability of a know value to the region and the residents of	vn mir		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
Although the project site has been classified by the California Department of Conservation – Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1997) as an area of undetermined mineral resources MRZ-3, the site is not located within an alluvial river valley or underlain by coastal marine/non-marine granular deposits. Therefore, no potentially significant loss of availability of a known mineral resource of value to the region and the residents of the state will occur as a result of this project. Moreover, if the resources are not considered significant mineral deposits, loss of these resources cannot contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact.				
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a loca site delineated on a local general plan, s			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
The project site is zoned A72, which is not considered to be an Extractive Use Zone (S82) nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County Land Use Element, 2000).				
 XI. NOISE Would the project result in: a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies? 				
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
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CEQA Initial Study

The project is a residential subdivision and will be occupied by residents. Based on a site visit completed by Christine Stevenson on September 4, 2003, the surrounding area supports rural residential uses and is occupied by residents. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

General Plan – Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise sensitive areas and requires an acoustical study to be prepared for any use that may expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities where quiet is an important attribute. Project implementation is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is based on staff's review of projected County noise contour maps (CNEL 60 dB(A) contours). Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

Noise Ordinance - Section 36-404

Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404) at or beyond the project's property line. The site and adjacent properties are zoned A72 that has a one-hour average sound limit of 45 dBA. Based on review by staff, the project's noise levels are not anticipated to impact adjoining properties or exceed County Noise Standards, which is 45 dBA, because the project does not involve any noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line.

Noise Ordinance – Section 36-410

The project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, It is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of an average sound level of 75 dB between the hours of 7 AM and 7 PM.

Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from State regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?

The project involves the following permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level: four new single-family residences. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, State, and Federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on review of the project by County staff. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level.

No Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Incorporated

The project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because a list of past, present and future projects within in the vicinity were evaluated. It was determined that the project in combination with a list of past, present and future project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

or the projects considered.			
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increvicinity above levels existing without the		
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
The project does not involve any uses that may create substantial temporary or periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity including but not limited to extractive industry; outdoor commercial or industrial uses that involve crushing, cutting, drilling, grinding, or blasting of raw materials; truck depots, transfer stations or delivery areas; or outdoor sound systems. Also, general construction noise is not expected to exceed the construction noise limits of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410), which are derived from			
State regulations to address human health and quality of life concerns. Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410. Also, it is not anticipated that the project will operate construction equipment in excess of 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during a 24-hour period. Therefore, the project would not result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in existing ambient noise levels in the project vicinity.			
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact

The proposed project is not located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports or within 2 miles of a public airport or public use airport. Therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels.

f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigatio Incorporated	n 🗹	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
therefo	pposed project is not located within a re, the project will not expose people ive airport-related noise levels.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
a) I	DPULATION AND HOUSING Would Induce substantial population growth proposing new homes and businesse extension of roads or other infrastruct	in an are s) or ind	ea, either directly (for example, by
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigatio Incorporated	n 🗹	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Annexa implem populate regulate an area facilities acceler change	on of the project site is not within the sation of the remaining portion of the site at the project. However, the proposition growth in an area because the proposition growth in an area because the proposition growth in an area because the proof of the proposition of the following stated conversion of the following stated conversion of homes to commercial including General Plan amendment ifications, or sewer or water annexation.	te into Content project do iction to project do iction to project content project proj	FD 04-1 will be required to ect will not induce substantial es not propose any physical or or encourage population growth in extended infrastructure or public e-scale residential development; nulti-family use; or regulatory
,	Displace substantial numbers of exist of replacement housing elsewhere?	ing hous	sing, necessitating the construction
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigatio Incorporated	n 🗹	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
The provact.	oposed project will not displace any ex	xisting h	ousing since the site is currently
	Displace substantial numbers of peopreplacement housing elsewhere?	ole, nece	ssitating the construction of

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
-	pposed project will not displace a substa ly vacant.	antial ı	number of people since the site is
 XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: 			
i i	Fire protection?Police protection?Schools?Parks?Other public facilities?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts: San Diego Rural Fire Protection District, Grossmont Union High School District, and Dehesa School District. The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed.

XIV. RECREATION

a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

The project involves a residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project will pay park fees. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

With regard to regional recreational facilities, there are over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including Federal lands, State Parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive acreage of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation, the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result in a cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant amount of regional recreational facilities will be available to County residents.

b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physic on the environment?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact		

The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the construction or expansion of recreational facilities cannot have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

XV. TRANSPORTATION	TRAFFIC \	Would the	project:
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XV. T a)	RANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would to Cause an increase in traffic which is subload and capacity of the street system (in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume congestion at intersections)?	stanti .e., re	al in relation to the existing traffic sult in a substantial increase in
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
the Co substa conge The ac projec	roposed project will result in an additional bunty Department of Public Works and wantial increase in the number of vehicle traction at intersections in relation to existin djacent roads are operating at a level of state will not have a significant direct project dered substantial in relation to existing traction.	as det ips, vo g con- service impac	ermined not to result in a plume of capacity ratio on roads, or ditions for the following reasons: e "C" or better. Therefore, the set on traffic volume, which is
b)	Exceed, either individually or cumulative established by the County congestion m by the County of San Diego Transportationads or highways?	anage	ement agency and/or as identified
□	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in

SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates 48 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the County that were analyzed by the TIF program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant.

c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\Box	Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
The proposed project is located outside of an Airport Master Plan Zone and is not adjacent to any public or private airports; therefore, the project will not result in a change in air traffic patterns.						
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a dangerous intersections) or incompatible	_	` • ·			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

The proposed project will not significantly alter traffic safety on Dehesa Road. The developer must provide evidence that there is a minimum unobstructed sight distance in both directions along Dehesa Road from project access road, for the prevailing operating speed of traffic on Dehesa Road, to the satisfaction of the Director of the Department of Public Works. All road improvements will be constructed according to the County of San Diego Public and Private Road Standards. Roads used to access the proposed project site are up to County standards. The proposed project will not place incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment) on existing roadways. Therefore, the proposed project will not significantly increase hazards due to design features or incompatible uses.

e) Result in inadequate emergency access?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion 		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Rural F that the	oposed project will not result in inactive Protection District has reviewed are is adequate emergency fire accested project site are up to County states.	the pro ess. Ad	pos diti	sed project and has determined
f) F	Result in inadequate parking capac	city?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion	_	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
spaces	ning Ordinance Section 6758 Park for each dwelling unit. The propos site parking spaces consistent with	sed lots	hav	e sufficient area to provide at least
O /	Conflict with adopted policies, plans ransportation (e.g., bus turnouts, b		_	
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion _	_	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
require	• • • • •			s for pedestrians or bicyclists. Any n existing conditions as it relates to
a) I	TILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEM Exceed wastewater treatment requipulation Control Board?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitiga Incorporated	tion _	_	Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project proposes to discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems (OSWS), also known as septic systems. The project involves four standard subsurface systems, one per each new lot. Discharged wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authorize a local public agency to issue permits for OSWS "to ensure that

systems are adequately designed, located, sized, spaced, constructed and maintained." The RWQCBs with jurisdiction over San Diego County have authorized the County of San Diego, Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue certain OSWS permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH has reviewed the OSWS lay-out for the project pursuant to DEH, Land and Water Quality Division's, "On-site Wastewater Systems: Permitting Process and Design Criteria." DEH approved the project's OSWS on July 5, 2007. Therefore, the project is consistent with the wastewater treatment requirements of the RWQCB as determined by the authorized, local public agency.

b)	Require or result in the construction of ne facilities or expansion of existing facilities significant environmental effects?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	\Box	Less than Significant Impact No Impact
In add	project does not include new or expanded validition, the project does not require the conswater treatment facilities. Therefore, the pay or expanded facilities, which could cause	struct projec	ion or expansion of water or ct will not require any construction
c)	Require or result in the construction of ne expansion of existing facilities, the construction environmental effects?		<u> </u>
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
faciliti curb/s (Jame Enviro physic	project involves stormwater Best Managemes include stabilized drains and channels, swale systems, and swale inlets. Refer to es Green, May 5, 2007) for more information mental Analysis Form Section I-XVII, the cal effect on the environment. Specifically nation.	storn the S on. Ho e new	n drain inlets and catch basins, torm water Management Plan owever, as outlined in this r facilities will not result in adverse
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available tentitlements and resources, or are new of		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The project will obtain water from on-site groundwater wells. In accordance with Residential Well Tests conducted by Earth Tech (January 2004 and August 2006), adequate groundwater resources are available to serve the future homes. The acreage of each proposed lot is of sufficient size to ensure a sustainable long-term groundwater supply. Therefore, the project will have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project.

,	Result in a determination by the wastewa may serve the project that it has adequate projected demand in addition to the prov	te cap	acity to serve the project's
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
system	oposed project will rely completely on an n); therefore, the project will not interfere e capacity.		` .
•	Be served by a landfill with sufficient per project's solid waste disposal needs?	mitted	capacity to accommodate the
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
includii the Co solid w Manag (Sectic Subdiv landfilli existin	nentation of the project will generate solicing landfills require solid waste facility per unty Department of Environmental Health aste facility permits with concurrence frogement Board (CIWMB) under the authorions 44001-44018) and California Code of vision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440 et sequences in San Diego County with remaining cargo permitted solid waste capacity to accordance.	mits th, Loc m the ity of the Regu .). The	o operate. In San Diego County, al Enforcement Agency issues California Integrated Waste he Public Resources Code lations Title 27, Division 2, here are five, permitted active there is sufficient
	Comply with federal, state, and local stat waste?	utes a	and regulations related to solid
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440 et seq.). The project will deposit all solid waste at a permitted solid waste facility and therefore, will comply with Federal, State, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste.

XVII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:

a)	Does the project have the potential to de substantially reduce the habitat of a fish wildlife population to drop below self-sus plant or animal community, substantially of a rare or endangered plant or animal major periods of California history or pre-	Idlife species, cause a fish or ng levels, threaten to eliminate a ce the number or restrict the range minate important examples of the	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
V	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory were considered in the response to each question in sections IV and V of this form. In addition to project specific impacts. this evaluation considered the projects potential for significant cumulative effects. Resources that have been evaluated as significant would be potentially impacted by the project, particularly Biology and Transportation/Traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes dedication of an open space easement and Limited Building Zone Easement, installation of open space fencing and signage, avoidance of grading/clearing during the bird breeding season, and payment of the Transportation Impact Fee (TIF). As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, significant effects associated with this project would result. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?

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	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

TYPE ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT	NUMBER 02-060 03-011	STATUS APPROVED APPROVED	PROJECT NAME MAXWELL OAKLAND GARAGE JASON HARRIS OVERSIZED
ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT	04-049 05-050 06-047 94-033	APPROVED APPROVED OPEN DONE	GARAGE JOHNSON RESIDENCE DOTTS TENTATIVE MAP
ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT - MOD / DEVIATION	98-035 99-029 99-055 00-057-01	APPROVED APPROVED DONE APPROVED	WHEELINGTON GARAGE EHLY ADDITIONAL DWELLING Cornelius OVERSIZE ACCESSORY STRUCTURES (AD)
MAJOR USE PERMIT MAJOR USE PERMIT	02-015 03-122	APPROVED APPROVED	LEMON GROVE CLUB SYCAUN FIRE STATION / SPRINT
MAJOR USE PERMIT MAJOR USE PERMIT	04-031 04-054	APPROVED APPROVED	CROW'S NEST CELL SITE NEXTEL ALPINE ROAD STATION MUP
MAJOR USE PERMIT MAJOR USE PERMIT -	95-019	APPROVED	SKY MESA ESTATES B/C AN D MD UNIFIED BUDDHIST CHURCH
MOD / DEVIATION MAJOR USE PERMIT -	65-054-03	OPEN	P65-054 W1
MOD / DEVIATION MINOR USE PERMIT MINOR USE PERMIT	95-019-04 00-111 01-087	APPROVED APPROVED APPROVED	HANNA GUEST HOUSE DAVIS 2ND DWELLING TELECOMMUNICATIONS SITE
MINOR USE PERMIT MINOR USE PERMIT	02-047 02-085	DONE DONE	TELECOMMUNICATIONS SITE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SITE
MINOR USE PERMIT MINOR USE PERMIT - MOD / DEVIATION	04-014 79-146-03	APPROVED OPEN	COPP SECOND DWELLING ALPING HTS RESERVOIR CELL SITE
SITE PLAN SITE PLAN	00-033 02-018	APPROVED APPROVED	LARRY BLAIR WEITZEL RESIDENCE SAN DIEGO RURAL FIRE
SITE PLAN	07-043	OPEN	STATION #76, STP ALPINE RANCH ESTATES
TENTATIVE MAP TENTATIVE MAP TENTATIVE MAP TENTATIVE MAP TENTATIVE MAP TENTATIVE MAP	5063 5143 5160 5210 5259 5262	APPROVED 2003 APPROVED 2003 APPROVED 2001 OPEN APPROVED 2003 APPROVED 2007	WEST II AFTON ESTATES RANCHO JUDITH - TM 5160 PETERSON TM CHRISTENSEN AUGUST
TENTATIVE MAP	5300	OPEN	DOTTS TENTATIVE MAP

TYPE	NUMBER	STATUS	PROJECT NAME
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20342	APPROVED 1999	ROGER MILLER TPM
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20422	APPROVED 2002	KNIFFING - TPM 20422
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20657	APPROVED 2003	SIGNORELLI, FRANK
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20700	APPROVED 2004	COLLINS
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20716	OPEN	KEMERKO TPM
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20731	APPROVED 2007	SCHAICH
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20743	APPROVED 2006	CROCKER
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20815	OPEN	WAITLEY SUBDIVISION
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	20843	OPEN	ALBERS TPM 2 LOTS
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	21008	OPEN	WALLS, TPM, 4 LOTS +
TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP	21054	OPEN	SHOREES, TPM, 4 LOT

Per the instructions for evaluating environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse cumulative effects were considered in the response to each question in sections I through XVI of this form. In addition to project specific impacts, this evaluation considered the projects potential for incremental effects that are cumulatively considerable. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant cumulative effects related to Biology and Transportation/Traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these cumulative effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes an open space easement and Limited Building Zone Easement, installation of open space fencing and signage, avoidance of grading/clearing during the bird breeding season, and payment of the Transportation Impact Fee (TIF). As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are cumulative effects associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

c)	Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

In the evaluation of environmental impacts in this Initial Study, the potential for adverse direct or indirect impacts to human beings were considered in the response to certain questions in sections I. Aesthetics, III. Air Quality, VI. Geology and Soils, VII. Hazards and Hazardous Materials, VIII Hydrology and Water Quality XI. Noise, XII. Population and Housing, and XV. Transportation and Traffic. As a result of this evaluation, there were determined to be potentially significant effects to human beings related to the following Transportation and Traffic. However, mitigation has been included that clearly reduces these effects to a level below significance. This mitigation includes payment of the Transportation Impact Fee (TIF). As a result of this evaluation, there is no substantial evidence that, after mitigation, there are adverse effects to human beings associated with this project. Therefore, this project has been determined not to meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to Federal, State and local regulation are available on the Internet. For Federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For State regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

- Cultural Resources Survey Report for the Dotts Property, San Diego County, California. Patrick McGinnis and Michael Baksh, Tierra Environmental Services. February 2004
- Biological Resources Report for the Dotts Subdivision TM5300. Vincent Scheidt, April 2007.
- Storm Water Management Plan for Priority Projects. James Green, May 8, 2007.
- Fire Protection Plan. Stan Dotts, May 3, 2007.
- CEQA Preliminary Drainage Study for Dotts Subdivision. James Green, May 7, 2007.

AESTHETICS

- California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)
- California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Light Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900, effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (www.amlegal.com)
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